

S	Social Interactions and Organization	The process by which <b>societies group their members</b> and the <b>norms that govern the interactions</b> between these groups and between individuals that influence political, economic, and cultural institutions and organization.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Social hierarchy</li> <li>- Gender roles</li> <li>- Racial and ethnic groups</li> <li>- Family and kinship groups</li> <li>- Societal norms and expected behaviors</li> </ul>
P	Politics and Governance	A variety of internal and external factors contribute to <b>state formation, expansion, and decline</b> . Governments maintain order through a variety of <b>administrative institutions, policies, and procedures</b> , and governments obtain, retain, and exercise power in different ways and for different purposes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Political organization and leadership</li> <li>- Structures to gain and maintain power</li> <li>- National identity</li> <li>- Rebellions and government response</li> </ul>
I	Interactions between Humans and the Environment	The <b>environment shapes human societies</b> , and as populations grow and change, these <b>populations in turn shape their environments</b> .	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Demographics (population)</li> <li>- Migrations and patterns of settlement, including urbanization</li> <li>- Disease</li> <li>- Geography</li> </ul>
C	Cultural Developments and Interactions	The development of <b>ideas, beliefs, and religions</b> illustrates how groups in society view themselves, and the interactions of societies and their beliefs often have political, social, and cultural implications.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Religion, belief systems, and ideologies</li> <li>- Arts</li> <li>- Philosophy</li> </ul>
E	Economic Systems	As societies develop, they affect and are affected by the ways that they <b>produce, exchange, and consume goods and services</b> .	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Agriculture</li> <li>- Industry</li> <li>- Trade and commerce</li> <li>- Labor systems</li> </ul>
T	Technology and Innovation	<b>Human adaptation and innovation</b> have resulted in increased efficiency, comfort, and security, and technological advances have shaped human development and interactions with both <b>intended and unintended consequences</b> .	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Tools</li> <li>- New ideas, innovations, and inventions</li> </ul>

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