**APWH**

**Unit 3- The World of Christendom-Byzantine and Western Europe**

**Chapters 9 and 10, text pp. 204-242**

**KNOW:**

Byzantium Kiev Rus Charles Martel three estates

Constantinople Russian Orthodoxy Charlemagne Pope Urban II

Hagia Sophia Tartars Carolingians investiture

Mosaic boyars Catholic Church gothic

Justinian Middle Ages scholasticism Hanseatic League

Greek fire Vikings Low Countries guilds

Slavic manorialism vassals Black Death

Schism serfs Magna Carta chivalry

Religious iconography feudalism King John troubadours

Bulgaria three-field system Hundred Years War

Serbia Clovis parliaments

High Middle Ages Holy Roman emperors Bernard of Clairvaux

**College Board Objectives**

**Student will be able to-**

* analyze the development of feudalism in Western Europe & compare it to Japanese feudalism (chapter 13)
* explain the impact of cross-cultural interaction on science and technology in Western Europe
* identify the impact of the Crusades on Western Europe
* valuate the role of technological innovation in the expansion of agricultural production identify the factors contributing to the decline of urban areas in Western Europe
* identify the factors contributing to the rise of urban areas in Western Europe
* explain the nature of peasant labor in Western Europe

**Historical Skills:**

1. Compare and contrast the Byzantine Empire to Western Europe after the fall of Rome.

2. Identify and evaluate the changes and continuities in Europe from the fall of Rome through the post-classical period.

3. Were the Dark Ages truly Dark?-Evaluate the Byzantine Empire and Medieval Europe compared to the Arab Empire.

**Big Questions:**

**Chapter 9:** An empire can collapse but rarely vanishes. Discuss the legacy of the Byzantine Empire.

**Chapter 10:** Discuss the differences between the early Middle Ages and the High Middle Ages. What features of the Middle Ages were unique to that period and what features impacted subsequent periods of history?

**Guiding Questions for Chapters 9 and 10:**

1. What are the major similarities and differences between the Byzantine and Western Empires of Europe?

2. How was the Byzantine Empire shaped by the fall of the Roman Empire?

3. What the Byzantine’s role in Asian and European trade?

4. What were the consequences of Justinian’s rule?

5. How is Byzantine culture reflected in their architectural, religious, and artistic contributions?

6. What was the political and religious structure of both Byzantium and Western Europe? How did they differ?

7. How did trade and merchants contribute to the Byzantine Empire? What was the role of Constantinople?

8. What caused the schism between the two main branches of Christianity in Europe? How did the decline facilitate this split?

9. Identify the major differences in artistic styles between the East and the West?

10. What caused the Byzantine Empire to decline? What were the impacts of the fall?

12. Describe the ethnic makeup of the Eastern borderlands in Europe.

13. Describe the development of Kiev Rus-PERCI

14. How did the Byzantines influence Kiev Rus?

15. Why did Kievan Rus decline? Impacts and significance of this decline?

16. What is the significance of the decline of the Byzantine Empire? How does this compare with Western Europe during the end of the Post Classical period?

17. What form of government replaced the Roman Empire? What challenges did these governments face? How did these changes contribute to the formation of monarchies in Europe?

18. What role did the Catholic Church play after the fall of Rome?

19. How did the Western Europe’s economy change after 1000 CE? What were the major impacts of these changed?

20. How did Medieval Europe differ from the High Middle Ages? What were the major cultural ideas of both periods?

20. How did women’s opportunities change after 1000 CE?

21. How did the Crusades affect world history?

22. How did foreign ideas and technologies influence Western Europe?

23. How did the Black Death challenge the social structure of Western Europe?