Name:

Chapter 15: The Acceleration of Global Contact
1400-1800

A. Use the blank map of the world and label the following. Use pp. 432, 438, 447, and 448 in McKay's *History of World Societies* (blue book or maps online)

Pacific Ocean	Persia	Atlantic Ocean	China
Indian Ocean	Malacca	Arctic Ocean	Bombay
Cape Horn	Gold Coast	Strait of Magellan	Brazil
Cape of Good Hope	Lisbon	North America	Seville
South America	Europe	Asia	Africa
Australian	India	Venice	Cape Town
Cuba	Haiti	Jamaica	Portugal
Spain	Netherlands	Japan	Cape Verde
Gold Coast	Calcutta		

B. Draw:
MAKE A KEY. It must be in color!
1. Voyages of Zheng He, Magellan, Da Gama, and Columbus. Write in the years. (Map 15.1 and 15.2)
2. Major slave-trade routes from Africa (Map 15.3)). In addition, label cities.

3. Using map 15.4 shade the areas controlled by the British, Portuguese, Spanish, and Dutch.

4. Add the trade routes of the Dutch the British (Map 15.4)

C. Use the different maps to answer the following questions.
1. Describe the voyages of Zheng He.

2. What were the major goods being traded from East Africa to India? (Map 15.1)

3. Who was the first explorer to round the tip of Africa? In what year? (Map 15.2)

4. Who was the first explorer to circumvent the globe? In what year did he complete this journey? (Map. 15.2)

5. Describe the Middle Passage. (Map 15.3)

6. From where did the main source of slaves come? Where did they go? According to the caption, who participated in the slave trade before the "discovery" of America? (Map 15.3)

7. Compare the Map 15.2 to 15.4 and make some observations: How has trade changed or stayed the same? Who controls the trade on each map? ETC.

8. What is being traded to and from the following areas: (15.4)

a. Caribbean→ Spain/Europe

b. North America→ Europe

c. New Spain→ Asia

d. East Africa→India

9. What major natural resources does Europe have to trade? (15.4)

Conclusion Question: How does this time in history mark a turning point in global contact? What are the benefits? What are the costs? Explain.