

# The Collapse and Recovery of Europe

from *Ways of the World* chapter 21

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Key Terms</b></p> <p>Triple Alliance &amp; Triple Entente          Archduke Franz Ferdinand          trench warfare          total war          Treaty of Versailles          Armenian genocide          Wilson’s Fourteen Points          the New Deal          fascism          Benito Mussolini          Adolf Hitler          Nuremburg Laws &amp; <i>Kristallnacht</i>          Pearl Harbor          appeasement  <i>blitzkrieg</i>          Winston Churchill          United Nations          World Bank <i>or</i> IMF          Marshall Plan          EEC <i>or</i> European Union          NATO</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Big Picture</b></p> <p>At the beginning of the 20<sup>th</sup> century, a European dominated political order existed, which also included the United States, Russia, and Japan. Over the course of the century, peoples and states around the world challenged this order in ways that sought to redistribute power within the existing order and to restructure empires, while those peoples and states in power attempted to maintain the status quo. These challenges to, and the attempts to maintain, the political order manifested themselves in an unprecedented level of conflict with high human casualties.</p> <hr/> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Objectives</b></p> <p>Students should be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• explain the causes and effects of World War I</li> <li>• analyze the causes and effects of the global economic depression following World War I</li> <li>• evaluate the nature of the United States, Soviet Union, and Germany’s responses to the Great Depression</li> <li>• explain the causes and effects of World War II</li> <li>• explain how renewed economic cooperation contributed to the economic recovery of Western Europe &amp; Japan</li> </ul> <hr/> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Chapter Questions</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. How did imperialism, nationalism, militarism, and alliances contribute to the start of World War I?</li> <li>2. What were the major characteristics of fighting during World War I?</li> <li>3. What was the impact of Woodrow Wilson’s Fourteen Points and the Treaty of Versailles on the West? World?</li> <li>4. What were the causes of the Great Depression?</li> <li>5. How did the United States, Soviet Union, Germany, and Japan respond to the Great Depression?</li> <li>6. What were the causes of World War II in Asia? Europe?</li> <li>7. What was the nature of warfare during World War II? Including casualties, role of women, the Holocaust, etc.</li> <li>8. What was the impact of World War II on politics in Europe’s colonies, the communist world, and the West?</li> <li>9. How was Europe and Japan able to recover from the devastation of World War II</li> </ol>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Important Dates</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">1914-1918          1929          1933          1935          1937          1939          1941          1945</p>	
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Document Analysis</b></p> <p>Be able to answer the questions that go with Visual Source 21.5</p>	